AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in this application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method to process ~~a~~ at least one text document, comprising:

partitioning text of each of the at least one text document and assigning semantic meaning to words of the partitioned text, where assigning comprises applying a plurality of regular expressions, rules and dictionaries comprising a common chemical prefix dictionary and a common chemical suffix dictionary to recognize chemical name fragments;

recognizing any substructures present in the chemical name fragments;

extracting keywords associated with the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures of the text document and indexing the extracted keywords in a text index;

adding each of the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures that do not contain a number to the text index;

determining structural connectivity information of each of the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures that do not contain a number;

2

indexing representations of the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures in association with the determined structural connectivity information into a plurality of chemical connectivity tables of a chemical substructure index, where indexing the representations comprises:

in a loop, testing each of the recognized chemical name fragments in a first text document of the at least one text document to see if the recognized chemical name fragment occurs in a dictionary of SMILES fragments, where if it does then a SMILES expression for the fragment token is added to the chemical substructure index, then

determining if the recognized chemical name fragment occurs in a MOL file dictionary, where if it does then a MOL file expression for the fragment token is added to the chemical substructure index, and then

determining if there is a next text document of the at least one text document, where if there is a next text document then testing, as stated above, each of the recognized chemical name fragments in the next text document and where if there is no next text document the indexing is completed;

storing the text index in association with the chemical substructure index;

providing a graphical user interface to search the text index and the chemical substructure index, where the search comprises first entering search terms comprising one or more chemical fragment names and then selecting graphical representations of one or more substructures, where the selecting comprises using the graphical user interface as a pointer to a graphical list of substructures; and

receiving a search result, where the search result is an intersection of the chemical substructure index and the text index, identifying at least one document where there are found chemical compounds that contain the selected substructures, and connectivity specified by the one or more chemical fragment names and the selected substructures.

2. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, wherein the search further comprises first entering search terms comprising the one or more chemical fragment names and entering at least one keyword, and where the search result is identifying at least one document where there are found the at least one keyword, the chemical compounds that contain the selected substructures, and the connectivity specified by the one or more chemical fragment names and the selected substructures.

3. (Previously Presented) A method as in claim 1 performed by executing a computer program product.

4.– 6. (Cancelled)

7. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, where determining structural connectivity information comprises looking up recognized chemical name fragments and substructures in a structure dictionary.

8. (Cancelled) ~~The method as in claim 1, where the indexing representations of the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures comprises:~~

~~testing if each of the recognized chemical name fragments occur in a SMILES fragment dictionary, where if it does occur in the SMILES fragment dictionary then adding the chemical name fragment to the chemical substructure index as the SMILES representation, and~~

~~testing if each of the recognized chemical name fragments occur in a MOL file fragment dictionary, where if it does occur in the MOL file dictionary then adding the chemical name fragments to the chemical substructure index as the MOL file representation.~~

9. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, where said plurality of dictionaries consists of the dictionary of common chemical prefixes and the dictionary of common chemical suffixes.

10. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, where said plurality of dictionaries consists of the common chemical prefix dictionary and the common chemical suffix dictionary, and a dictionary of stop words to eliminate erroneous chemical name fragments.

11. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, further comprising filtering recognized

chemical name fragments using a list of stop words to eliminate erroneous chemical name fragments.

12. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, where chemical name fragments are further recognized by using common chemical word endings.

13. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, where application of said regular expressions and rules results in punctuation characters being one of maintained or removed from between chemical name fragments as a function of context.

14. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, where said regular expressions comprise a plurality of patterns, individual ones of which are comprised of at least one of characters, numbers and punctuation.

15. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 14, where the punctuation comprises at least one of a parenthesis, a square bracket, a hyphen, a colon and a semi-colon.

16. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 14, where the characters comprise upper case C, O, R, N and H.

17. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 14, where the characters comprise lower case xy, ene, ine, yl, ane and oic.

18. (Previously Presented) The method as in claim 1, comprising an initial step of tokenizing the document to provide a sequence of tokens.

19. (Currently Amended) A system having at least one computer, comprising:

a tokenizer module and a token processing module ~~configured~~ comprised of computer instructions in data storage distributed across the at least one computer directing the at least one computer to partition text of ~~the~~ each of at least one text document and to assign semantic meaning to words of the partitioned text by applying a plurality of regular expressions, rules and dictionaries comprising a common chemical prefix dictionary and a common chemical suffix dictionary to recognize chemical name fragments;

the instructions of the token processing module ~~configured~~ directing the at least one computer to recognize any substructures present in the chemical name fragments;

the instructions of the token processing module ~~configured~~ directing the at least one computer to extract keywords associated with the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures of the text document and to index the extracted keywords in a text index;

the instructions of the token processing module ~~configured~~ directing the at least one computer to add each of the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures that do not contain a

number to the text index;

the ~~instructions of the~~ token processing module ~~configured~~ directing the at least one computer to determine structural connectivity information of each of the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures that do not contain a number, and to index representations of the recognized chemical name fragments and the ~~the~~ substructures in association with the determined structural connectivity information into a plurality of chemical connectivity tables of a chemical substructure index, where indexing the representations comprises:

in a loop, testing each of the recognized chemical name fragments in a first text document of the at least one text document to see if the recognized chemical name fragment occurs in a dictionary of SMILES fragments, where if it does then a SMILES expression for the fragment token is added to the chemical substructure index, then

determining if the recognized chemical name fragment occurs in a MOL file dictionary, where if it does then a MOL file expression for the fragment token is added to the chemical substructure index, and then

determining if there is a next text document of the at least one text document, where if there is a next text document then testing, as stated above, each of the recognized chemical name fragments in the next text document and where if there is no next text document the indexing is completed;

the instructions of the token processing module ~~configured~~ directing the at least one computer to store the text index in association with the chemical substructure index;

a searcher module comprised of computer instructions distributed across the at least one computer and a graphical user interface comprised of a display and a keyboard connected to a computer of the at least one computer ~~configured~~ directing the at least one computer to search the text index and the chemical substructure index, where the search comprises first entering one or more chemical fragment names and then selecting graphical representations of one or more substructures, where the selecting comprises using the graphical user interface as a pointer to a graphical list of substructures; and

the graphical user interface configured to receive a search result, where the search result is an intersection of the chemical substructure index and the text index, identifying at least one document where there are found chemical compounds that contain the selected substructures, and connectivity specified by the one or more chemical fragment names and the selected substructures.

20. (Previously Presented) The system as in claim 19, wherein the search further comprises first entering the one or more chemical fragment names and additionally entering at least one keyword, and where the search result is identifying at least one document where there are found the at least one keyword, the chemical compounds that contain the selected substructures, and the

connectivity specified by the one or more chemical fragment names and the selected

substructures.

21. – 24. (Cancelled)

25. (Currently Amended) The system as in claim 19, where <u>the instructions of</u> said token

processing module that ~~is configured~~ <u>directs the at least one computer</u> to determine the structural

connectivity information ~~is~~ further ~~configured~~ <u>directs the at least one computer</u> to look up

recognized fragments and substructures in a structure dictionary.

26. (Cancelled) ~~The system as in claim 19, where~~ <u>~~the instructions of~~</u> ~~the token processing module~~

~~configured~~ <u>~~that directs the at least one computer~~</u> ~~to index representations is further configured~~

<u>~~directs the at least one computer~~</u> ~~to test if each of the recognized chemical name fragments occur~~

~~in a SMILES fragment dictionary, where if it does occur in the SMILES fragment dictionary the~~

~~token processing module is configured~~ <u>~~the token processing module directs the at least one~~</u>

<u>~~computer~~</u> ~~to add the chemical name fragment to the chemical substructure index as the SMILES~~

~~representation, and~~

   ~~test if each of the recognized chemical name fragments occur in a MOL file fragment~~

~~dictionary, where if it does occur in the MOL file dictionary the token processing module is~~

~~configured to add the chemical name fragments to the chemical substructure index as the MOL~~

~~file representation.~~

27. (Previously Presented) The system as in claim 19, where said plurality of dictionaries consists of the dictionary of common chemical prefixes and the dictionary of common chemical suffixes.

28. (Previously Presented) The system as in claim 19, where said plurality of dictionaries consists of the dictionary of common chemical prefixes, the dictionary of common chemical suffixes, and a dictionary of stop words to eliminate erroneous chemical name fragments.

29. (Currently Amended) The system as in claim 19, further comprising the instructions of said token processing module is further configured directs the at least one computer to filter recognized chemical name fragments using a list of stop words to eliminate erroneous chemical name fragments.

30. (Currently Amended) The system as in claim 19, where the instructions of the tokenizer module is further configured directs the at least one computer to recognize chemical name fragments by using common chemical word endings.

31. (Previously Presented) The system as in claim 19, where application of said regular expressions and rules results in punctuation characters being one of maintained or removed from between chemical name fragments as a function of context.

32. (Previously Presented) The system as in claim 19, where said regular expressions comprise a plurality of patterns, individual ones of which are comprised of at least one of characters,

numbers and punctuation.

33. (Previously Presented) The system as in claim 32, where the punctuation comprises at least one of a parenthesis, a square bracket, a hyphen, a colon and a semi-colon.

34. (Previously Presented) The system as in claim 32, where the characters comprise upper case C, O, R, N and H.

35. (Previously Presented) The system as in claim 32, where the characters comprise lower case xy, ene, ine, yl, ane and oic.

36. (Currently Amended) The system as in claim 19, further comprising an input tokenizer module ~~configured~~ comprised of computer instructions directing the at least one computer to receive documents to be processed to provide a sequence of tokens.

37. – 41. (Cancelled)

42. (Previously Presented) The system as in claim 43, where said plurality of dictionaries consists of the dictionary of common chemical prefixes, the dictionary of common chemical suffixes, and a dictionary of stop words to eliminate erroneous chemical name fragments.

43. (Currently Amended) A system comprising a plurality of computers at least two of which are

coupled together through a data communications network, said system comprising:

a tokenizer and a token processing ~~unit configured~~ module comprised of computer instructions in data storage distributed across the plurality of computers directing the plurality of computers to parse text of ~~a~~ each of at least one text document and assign semantic meaning to words of the parsed sentences, where assigning comprises applying a plurality of regular expressions, rules and dictionaries consisting of a common chemical prefix dictionary and a common chemical suffix dictionary to recognize chemical name fragments;

the instructions of the token processing ~~unit configured~~ module directing the plurality of computers to recognize any substructures present in the chemical name fragments;

the instructions of the token processing module ~~configured~~ directing the plurality of computers to extract keywords associated with the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures of the text document and to index the extracted keywords in a text index;

the instructions of the token processing module ~~configured~~ directing the plurality of computers to add each of the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures that do not contain a number to the text index;

the instructions of the token processing module ~~configured~~ directing the plurality of computers to determine structural connectivity information of each of the recognized chemical name fragments

and the substructures that do not contain a number;

the <u>instructions of the</u> token processing module ~~configured~~ <u>directing the plurality of computers</u> to index representations of the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures in association with the determined structural connectivity information into a plurality of chemical connectivity tables of a chemical substructure index<u>, where indexing the representations comprises:</u>

<u>in a loop, testing each of the recognized chemical name fragments in a first text document of the at least one text document to see if the recognized chemical name fragment occurs in a dictionary of SMILES fragments, where if it does then a SMILES expression for the fragment token is added to the chemical substructure index, then</u>

<u>determining if the recognized chemical name fragment occurs in a MOL file dictionary, where if it does then a MOL file expression for the fragment token is added to the chemical substructure index, and then</u>

<u>determining if there is a next text document of the at least one text document, where if there is a next text document then testing, as stated above, each of the recognized chemical name fragments in the next text document and where if there is no next text document the indexing is completed;</u>

the instructions of the token processing module ~~configured~~ directing the plurality of computers to store the text index in association with the chemical substructure index;

a searcher module comprised of computer instructions distributed across the plurality of computers and a graphical user interface comprised of a display and a keyboard connected to a computer of the plurality of computers ~~configured~~ directing the plurality of computers to search the text index and the chemical substructure index, where the search comprises first entering search terms comprising one or more chemical fragment names and then selecting graphical representations of one or more substructures, where the selecting comprises using the graphical user interface as a pointer to a graphical list of substructures; and

the graphical user interface configured to receive a search result, where the search result is an intersection of the chemical substructure index and the text index, identifying at least one document where there are found chemical compounds that contain a reference to the search terms and the one or more substructures.

44. (Previously Presented) The system as in claim 43, wherein the search further comprises first entering the one or more chemical fragment names and additionally entering at least one keyword, and where the search result is identifying at least one document where there are found the at least one keyword, the chemical compounds that contain the selected substructures, and the connectivity specified by the one or more chemical fragment names and the selected substructures.

45. (Currently Amended) The system as in claim 43, where <u>the instructions of</u> said token processing module ~~is~~ further ~~configured~~ <u>direct the plurality of computers</u> to look up recognized fragments and substructures in a structure dictionary.

46. (Cancelled) ~~The system as in claim 43, where the indexing representations of the recognized chemical name fragments and the substructures comprises:~~

~~testing if each of the recognized chemical name fragments occur in a SMILES fragment dictionary, where if it does occur in the SMILES fragment dictionary then adding the chemical name fragment to the chemical substructure index as the SMILES representation, and testing if each of the recognized chemical name fragments occur in a MOL file fragment dictionary, where if it does occur in the MOL file dictionary then adding the chemical name fragments to the chemical substructure index as the MOL file representation.~~